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7	Anorneys for Fidinity Scott Feterson	
8	ARIZONA SUPERIOR COURT	
9	MARICOPA COUNTY	
10	Scott Peterson, an individual, doing business as the Checks and Balances	No. LC2015-000453
11	Project,	
12 13	Plaintiff, v.	SECOND MOTION FOR FURTHER INSPECTION OF COMMISSIONER STUMP'S PHONE
14	Arizona Corporation Commission, a political subdivision; Robert Stump, in his	ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED
15	official capacity as Arizona Corporation Commissioner, Arizona Attorney General's	
16	Office, a public body; Mark Brnovich, in his official capacity as Attorney General of	(Assigned to the Honorable Randall Warner)
17	the State of Arizona,	
18	Defendants.	
19		J
20	This Court denied Plaintiff Scott Peterson's ("Plaintiff") first motion for further	
21	inspection, in part, because "there is no evidence that the Attorney General's search was	
22	inadequate." [March 11, 2016 Minute Entry at 5] The inadequacy of the Attorney General's	
23	search is now plain to see, however, given that it failed to find the content of any of the 3,547 text	
24	messages sought by Plaintiff.	
25	Plaintiff is entitled to inspect the public records he has requested, specifically certain	
26	records among text messages exchanged between Commissioner Stump and 18 individuals or	
27	entities that worked for or did busine	ess with the Arizona Corporation Commission
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("Commission"). As the current custodian of the records, the Attorney General has the burden of establishing that it adequately searched for these records. It has not met its burden in this case.

Plaintiff therefore renews his motion to allow Bryan Neumeister ("Neumeister") to inspect Commissioner Bob Stump's iPhone 5 (the "iPhone") for public records. In the alternative, Plaintiff requests an evidentiary hearing on the adequacy of the Attorney General's search.

Factual Background

Again, Plaintiff has requested the 3,547 text messages exchanged between Commissioner Stump and 18 individuals or entities that worked for or did business with the Commission between May 1, 2014 and March 11, 2015 (the "Requested Records"). The Commission initially advised Plaintiff that many of the Requested Records "do not exist," because, in part, Commissioner Stump "routinely deleted text messages [constituting public records] once their administrative or reference value ended" and did so "not long after he received them." [Complaint for Special Action ("Complaint") ¶ 24] The text messages also do not exist, according to the Commission, because Commissioner Stump disposed of his previous state-issued iPhone, from which he had sent and received at least some of the text messages. [Id. ¶ 25]

But, despite Commissioner Stump's efforts to destroy the text messages, both deleted text messages and text messages sent on previous phones still likely reside on the "unallocated space" on Commissioner Stump's current iPhone. [Declaration of Bryan Neumeister ("Neumeister Decl.") ¶¶ 6-7 (filed concurrently)]

As part of its investigation of a separate matter involving former Corporation Commissioner Gary Pierce, the Attorney General's Office performed a forensic examination of Commissioner Stump's iPhone. [Jan. 22, 2016 Letter from K. Hartman-Tellez to D. Barr at 1 (describing process) ("Exhibit A")] With the assistance of the Pinal County Sherriff's Office ("PCSO"), the Attorney General reported that it used three software programs—two different versions of CelleBrite, Magnet Acquire, and Blacklight—to retrieve data from Commissioner Stump's iPhone. [Id.] According to the Attorney General, "[a]t least one of the software programs used to recover text messages produced some results that did not include the sender's or recipient's name or phone number." [Defendants' Notice of Submission of Text Messages For In

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Camera Review at 2 n.1] The Attorney General also reported that "[a] complete image of the phone, including all unallocated space, was not made because physical extraction was not supported." [Exhibit A at 2] Finally, the Attorney General reported that "no HASH values of any text messages accompany the messages." [Id.]

The results of this search produced "[olnly 36 messages . . . within the dates of [Plaintiff's public records] request," or approximately 1% of the 3,547 text messages sought by Plaintiff. [March 25, 2016 Minute Order at 1] But, remarkably, "[n]o content was recovered from these 36 messages." [Id.] Put simply, the Attorney General's search of Commissioner Stump's iPhone uncovered *none* of the content sought by Plaintiff.

Analysis

I. PLAINTIFF IS ENTITLED TO EXAMINE THE REQUESTED RECORDS AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL MUST ADEQUATELY SEARCH FOR SUCH RECORDS.

Plaintiff is entitled to inspect public records. A.R.S. § 39-121. And at least some of the unrecovered 3,547 text messages exchanged between Commissioner Stump's state-issued iPhone 3 and 18 individuals or entities that worked for or did business with the Commission likely still exist, and reside on the "unallocated space" on Commissioner Stump's iPhone. [See Neumeister Decl. ¶¶ 6-8] These records "are presumed open to the public for inspection as public records," in furtherance of the law's "strong policy" favoring open disclosure and access. Carlson v. Pima Cty., 141 Ariz. 487, 491, 687 P.2d 1242, 1246 (1984).

A custodian "must make a good faith effort to conduct a search for the requested records." Phoenix New Times, L.L.C. v. Arpaio, 217 Ariz. 533, 539, 177 P.3d 275, 281 (App. 2008) (quoting Rugiero v. U.S. Dep't of Justice, 257 F.3d 534, 547 (6th Cir. 2001)). The custodian also "has the burden of establishing that it adequately searched" for any requested public records. Id. at 539, 117 P.3d at 281. Specifically, the custodian "must demonstrate its search was 'reasonably calculated to uncover all relevant documents." Hodai v. City of Tucson, 239 Ariz. 34, 44 ¶ 32, 365 P.3d 959, 969 (App. 2016) (quoting Lahr v. Nat'l Transp. Safety Bd., 569 F.3d 964, 986 (9th Cir. 2009)). As explained below, there is substantial evidence that the Attorney General's search was inadequate.

II. THERE IS SUBSTANTIAL EVIDENCE THAT THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SEARCH WAS INADEQUATE

Based on the Attorney General's report of the search it conducted and the results of this Court's review, there are *at least* two indicia that the Attorney General's search was inadequate:

(1) the search did not uncover HASH values for any messages and (2) the recovered messages responsive to Plaintiff's request lacked content.

First, the Attorney General did not uncover any HASH values for any text messages recovered from the iPhone. Every text message has a HASH value, which is the equivalent of DNA of a text message. [Neumeister Decl. ¶ 9] It is very rare, if not impossible, to recover messages—even deleted messages—from a cell phone that do not include HASH values. [Id. ¶ 10] That the recovered text messages do not have HASH values suggests either there is something wrong with the data on the iPhone or that the Attorney General and its investigators did not have the technical background to acknowledge or recover them. [Id. ¶ 11]

Second, it is very unlikely that messages would be uncovered without any content. [Id. \P 12] Moreover the HASH value of the text messages would show whether the message's content has been deleted or altered in any way.¹ [Id.]

Finally, and separately, while Plaintiff respects the Attorney General's and PCSO's investigators, Mr. Neumeister is a well-recognized expert in forensic recovery and would likely have a greater chance of identifying the Requested Records. [Id. ¶1, 8] Based on his substantial experience, Mr. Neumeister believes that both his protocols and the technology he would employ would be better suited to uncover the Requested Records, particularly any deleted text messages that may still exist on the "unallocated space" of Commissioner Stump's iPhone as described above. [Id.]

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It is unclear whether the Attorney General searched the "unallocated" space on the iPhone. The Attorney General stated that it did not make a "complete image of the phone, including all unallocated space." [Exhibit A at 2] Again, this space is most likely to contain any deleted or early messages, including the Requested Records that Commissioner Stump's own attorney suggested Commissioner Stump deleted. [Neumeister Decl. ¶¶ 5-7] Any search of the iPhone without a search of the unallocated space would be inadequate.

1 III. FURTHER EXAMINATION OR, AT A MINIMUM, AN EVIDENTIARY **HEARING IS REQUIRED** 2 In sum, the Attorney General has not shown that its "search was 'reasonably calculated to 3 uncover all relevant documents." *Hodai*, 239 Ariz. at 44 ¶ 32, 365 P.3d at 969 (quoting *Lahr*, 4 569 F.3d at 986). The Attorney General must perform an adequate search for the Requested 5 Records. To assist the Attorney General in conducting the required search, Plaintiff is willing to 6 pay for an expert. To that end, Plaintiff requests that Mr. Neumeister be permitted to examine the 7 iPhone under the supervision of the Attorney General's Office. Mr. Neumeister would be willing 8 to perform all of his work in the presence of anyone from the Attorney General's Office and to 9 the exclusion of Plaintiff. [Neumeister Decl. ¶ 15] 10 In the alternative, Plaintiff requests this Court exercise its discretion to grant an 11 evidentiary hearing to determine the adequacy of the Attorney General's search. See Phoenix 12 News Times, 217 Ariz. at 539, 177 P.3d at 281 (noting that custodian could demonstrate the 13 adequacy of its search through evidence, including affidavits or declarations). 14 DATED: April 15, 2016 PERKINS CØIE LLP 15 16 By: Daniel C. Barr 17 Alexis E. Danneman 2901 North Central Avenue, Suite 2000 18 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2788 19 Attorneys for Plaintiff Scott Peterson 20 Copy of the foregoing filed on April 15, 2016 with the Clerk of Court, Maricopa County 21 Superior Court and a copy delivered to the Hon. Randall Warner 22 Copy of the foregoing emailed and mailed 23 on April 15, 2016, to: 24 Karen J. Hartman-Tellez

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EXHIBIT A



MARK BRNOVICH ATTORNEY GENERAL

OFFICE OF THE ARIZONA ATTORNEY GENERAL

STATE GOVERNMENT DIVISION AGENCY COUNSEL SECTION

January 22, 2016

KAREN J. HARTMAN-TELLEZ ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL KAREN.HARTMAN@AZAG.GOV

VIA E-MAIL AND U.S. MAIL

Daniel C. Barr Perkins Coie LLP 2901 North Central Avenue Suite 2000 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2788

Re:

Peterson v. Arizona Corporation Commission, Cause No. LC2015-000453 (Ariz.

Super. Ct. Maricopa Cnty.)

Dear Dan:

On behalf of the Arizona Attorney General's Office (the "AGO"), I write in response to your January 15, 2016 letter, in which you requested additional information about the steps the AGO took to retrieve text messages and related metadata from Commissioner Bob Stump's smartphone. I have communicated with the investigators who oversaw the retrieval process and have obtained the information below.

The AGO retrieved the data from the smartphone with the following programs:

- CelleBrite Software, v4.2.2.86
- CelleBrite Software, v4.2.6.5
- Magnet Acquire software, v6.6.3.0744
- Blacklight software, v2015R3

The retrieval using the former two programs occurred at the AGO. I understand that the latter two programs belong to the Pinal County Sheriff's Office ("PCSO"), and an AGO investigator obtained PCSO's assistance to retrieve data from the smartphone with those programs.

I provided spreadsheets, in PDF format, containing the data retrieved by each of the foregoing four programs to Judge Cole for his review.

Daniel C. Barr January 22, 2016 Page 2

No FTK or EnCase image of any data cards were taken because data cards were not supported by the model of smartphone used by Commissioner Stump. A complete image of the phone, including all unallocated space, was not made because physical extraction was not supported. Finally, no HASH values of any text messages accompany the messages.

I trust that the foregoing answers your questions, but please let me know if you need additional information about the forensic examination of Commissioner Stump's smartphone.

Very truly yours,

Karlen J. Hartman-Tellez

Copy via email to:

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Tim LaSota
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*** ** ...: